

# Finding a Job That Makes Us Happy – Is It Really That Hard?

AMMI Trainee's Day
April 15, 2015
Dr. Alexander Wong, MD, FRCPC
Internal Medicine & Infectious Diseases
Regina Qu' Appelle Health Region



### **Disclosures**



- I have received consulting fees and honoraria from the following companies: Merck, Gilead Sciences, Bristol Myers Squibb, Pfizer, Janssen, Boehringer-Ingelheim, Abbvie.
- I have received funding for regional and provincial programming from the following companies: Merck, Gilead Sciences, Bristol Myers Squibb, ViiV, Janssen.
- I currently participate in clinical trials with the following companies: Gilead Sciences, ViiV.
- If you detect any commercial bias, please tell me ASAP! Email: alexander.wong@usask.ca



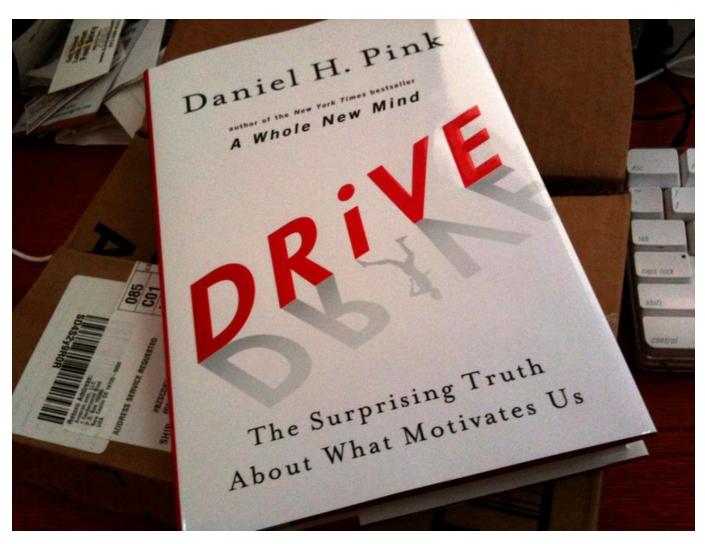
## **Objectives**



- To understand key concepts of job satisfaction and happiness
- To understand how one identifies career opportunities and goes about negotiating for a position
- To compare and contrast academic vs community-based positions, and fee-for-service vs. alternatively-renumerated (salaried) positions.
- To share things that I did and would have done if I could do it all over again.









### **Motivation Deconstructed**



- Extrinsic Factors
  - Money.
  - □ Prestige/Ego.
  - Avoidance of Guilt / Embarrassment / Shame.
- Intrinsic Factors
  - Autonomy: the desire to be self-directed.
  - Mastery: the urge to be better at what we do.
  - Purpose: finding meaningful motives for the work we do.
- In cognitively challenging work, addressing intrinsic factors behind motivation leads to better performance and greater personal satisfaction.



### What About Money?



- Money is only so important such that we feel that we are being compensated in a manner that is fair and equitable.
- More money ≠ better performance in cognitively challenging work.
- It's important to understand how much others around us make so that we can negotiate accordingly.
- Once you are treated fairly, excluding other personal factors, you can take money off the table and focus on your work, which allows you to focus on being effective instead of bitter or distracted.
- Only you can decide how much is enough for your situation, but "at least as much as everyone else."



### What About Other Stuff?



Money is only one part of the equation for most of us. Many other personal factors may come into play.

### Clinical Coverage & Call Responsibilities

- □ On vs. off? Suitability and practice patterns of colleagues?
- □ Enough colleagues to allow for flexibility in scheduling, vacation, leave, etc.
- Appropriate and balanced job description that lets you succeed.

### Mentorship & Supervision

- Do you have access to mentors for clinical and non-clinical work?
- Is there a commitment from the institution to supporting your short-term and long-term goals?

#### Control Over Work Circumstances

Do you have any control or say over office and clinical staff who comprise your team?



### **Models of Renumeration**



#### Fee For Service

- □ Fee-for-service work is most lucrative for procedural-based work, less so for patient care.
- Any non-clinical work must be appropriately renumerated in a fee-for-service environment (e.g. teaching, antimicrobial stewardship, infection control). Be sure that you know what constitutes reasonable FTE compensation.

### Salary / Alternative Runumeration (ARP)

- "All in one" salary that generally covers all clinical and nonclinical work.
- Make sure that you know what your colleagues make, locally and nationally.
- Ensure that you have a clear job description and expectations before you start.
- Either way, know your BATNA best alternative to a negotiated agreement. Once you sign, your leverage drops dramatically.



## Comparing FFS vs. Salary



#### Fee For Service

- □ Infectious Diseases is, generally, a poor FFS specialty for most (complex and time-consuming work, no procedural fees, many no-show appointments for HIV / HCV).
- □ FFS generally does not apply for microbiology.
- □ Time not spent seeing patients is time not generating income, unless you are appropriately re-numerated for your time.
- □ You may have autonomy over office and staff.
- □ Incorporation usually possible tax advantages.

### Salary / Alternative Renumeration

- ☐ Guarantee of renumeration means less pressure to generate clinical volume, but must ensure clear job description and deliverables (e.g. education, research, reporting structure).
- Overhead expenses may be covered, but then less control over office / clinic / staff.
- ☐ If shadow billing, maintain diligence.
- □ Depending on arrangements, may not be able to incorporate.



## Finding Opportunities.



- Many positions are unadvertised. Network aggressively, make contacts during your training, and be pro-active in reaching out to people. Ask your pre-existing network for help.
- Speak with mentors and colleagues about fee-for-service work vs. salaried work. Strengths and weaknesses? Regrets?
- Define what it is that you want to do clinically and nonclinically, and know how much you need to make.
- If possible, be flexible regarding your options. More options = more opportunity for negotiation and leverage. No options = no leverage.
- You work so hard during training. Does it make any sense to not work as hard in finding your first job?



## My Journey.



- MD, University of Western Ontario, 2005.
- Internal Medicine & Adult ID, University of Alberta, 2010.
- Beginning of R5 year, reached out to every major academic center and tertiary care facility in the country, regardless of whether they were advertising a position or not.
  - □ Cover letter (1 page, very concise, interests: HIV, HBV/HCV, TB, general ID, medical education, educational scholarship).
  - □ CV.
- One-month elective in Windsor, ON.
- Scheduled locums in...
  - □ Regina, SK.
  - Moncton, NB.
  - □ London, ON.
  - Edmonton, AB.



## My Journey.



- I chose to locum because I wanted to find the best fit for my career, and I wanted to work with the best people in a strong team environment.
- I had conversations and site visits during residency with multiple other centers that I chose not to locum with.

#### Why did I choose Regina?

- □ Negotiated contracted rate, allowed for incorporation.
- All overhead covered, office space in hospital and clinic all enclosed in single facility.
- Only one other ID physician, opportunity to take on additional responsibilities at an early stage of career.
- □ Huge HIV / HCV outbreak, unprecedented in over a decade.
- Great multidisciplinary team already in place.
- "Big fish in small pond"
- □ Autonomy, mastery, purpose.



## So How It's Going?



- Started full-time in September 2011 after two locums.
- Only one ID, one microbiologist (resigned March 2012).
- Challenging manpower issues.

#### ■ Now?

- □ 3 ID physicians, 2 microbiologists. All new recruits < 38, dynamic, patient-centered, collegial, fun. Recruiting another ID.
- Additional 1.0 FTE nurse, 0.2 FTE social work, 0.5 FTE pharmacist.
- □ Tons of new HIV programming: DOT, community pharmacy education, peer-to-peer program, case management.
- □ Robust multidisciplinary HCV clinic modeled after Edmonton.
- Developed standalone EMR/database to facilitate research & evaluation unit.
- □ Regional and provincial responsibilities, opportunities to tour around entire province.
- One caveat: working too hard, personal life suffering.



## If I Could Do It Again...



- Clearly delineate plans for recruitment in short-term and long-term if current situation unsustainable. Have this written into contract.
- Defined job description with FTE equivalent and clear expectations and accountabilities.
  - □ 0.40 FTE clinical = 10 weeks call, 100 half-day clinics / year.
  - □ 0.20 FTE education = 6 lectures / year, 14 small group sessions, preceptorship of students / residents.
  - □ 0.40 FTE research = \$X in grants & funding, 2 conference abstracts and 2 publications per year.
- Do not be responsible for covering shortages if/when they occur, except in truly extenuating circumstances.
- More control over staffing & team structures.
- I said yes too much at the start, now I need to pull back. Easier if I had controlled expectations at the start.



### **Take Home Points**



#### Have an open mind!

- □ Having many options is better than having none.
- Most candidates shoot themselves in the foot by not giving themselves any/enough options.

#### Finding opportunities is hard work.

- Get started early.
- Occasionally, opportunities fall into your lap. If this happens, don't ever pass it up!

### Always negotiate in good faith.

- □ It's a small community, "what goes around comes around".
- □ Be honest, upfront, and think win-win scenarios for both parties.
- □ Know what your deal-breakers are, don't sweat the small stuff.
- When in doubt, ask yourself this question: "Do I feel wanted?"



### **Questions?**



- I'm an open book.
  - □ I'm happy to discuss \$\$\$, negotiation tactics and strategies, incorporating, investments, building a practice, etc.
  - □ I think we are all woefully unprepared for the realities of real-life medical practice, between politics / money & finances / negotiating / conflict resolution.
  - □ Don't be afraid to ask mentors / attendings for advice.

#### Interested in Regina or Saskatchewan?

- □ We are recruiting a full-time ID specialist!
- □ What are we looking for?
  - Strong patient-centered clinicians, great people.
  - HIV and HCV interest a bonus.
  - Antimicrobial Stewardship +/- Infection Control a major bonus.
- □ Email: <u>awong37@gmail.com</u>
- □ Touch base with me for advice, guidance, and to discuss opportunities.